

1 / 11

1. How many positive factors of 36 are also multiples of 4?

- (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5 (E) 6

1996 Q1

2 / 11

2003 Q2

2. Which of the following numbers has the smallest prime factor?

- (A) 55 (B) 57 (C) 58 (D) 59 (E) 61

3 / 11

2007 Q3

3. What is the sum of the two smallest prime factors of 250?

- (A) 2 (B) 5 (C) 7 (D) 10 (E) 12

4 / 11

1993 Q3

3. Which of the following numbers has the largest prime factor?

- (A) 39 (B) 51 (C) 77 (D) 91 (E) 121

5 / 11

2000 Q3

3. How many whole numbers lie in the interval between $\frac{5}{3}$ and 2π ?
- (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5 (E) infinitely many

6 / 11

1996 Q3

3. The 64 whole numbers from 1 through 64 are written, one per square, on a checkerboard (an 8 by 8 array of 64 squares). The first 8 numbers are written in order across the first row, the next 8 across the second row, and so on. After all 64 numbers are written, the sum of the numbers in the four corners will be
- (A) 130 (B) 131 (C) 132 (D) 133 (E) 134

7 / 11

1990 Q4

4. Which of the following could **not** be the unit's digit [one's digit] of the square of a whole number?
- A) 1 B) 4 C) 5 D) 6 E) 8

8 / 11

2014 Q4

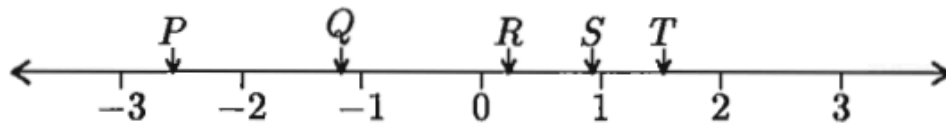
4. The sum of two prime numbers is 85. What is the product of these two prime numbers?

- (A) 85 (B) 91 (C) 115 (D) 133 (E) 166

9 / 11

1996 Q5

5. The letters P , Q , R , S , and T represent numbers located on the number line as shown.



Which of the following expressions represents a negative number?

- (A) $P - Q$ (B) $P \cdot Q$ (C) $\frac{S}{Q} \cdot P$ (D) $\frac{R}{P \cdot Q}$ (E) $\frac{S + T}{R}$

10 / 11

1997 Q5

5. There are many two-digit multiples of 7, but only two of the multiples have a digit sum of 10. The sum of these two multiples of 7 is

- (A) 119 (B) 126 (C) 140 (D) 175 (E) 189

2016 Q5

5. The number N is a two-digit number.

- When N is divided by 9, the remainder is 1.
- When N is divided by 10, the remainder is 3.

What is the remainder when N is divided by 11?

- (A) 0 (B) 2 (C) 4 (D) 5 (E) 7