1/7

.4 + .02 + .006 =B) .066 C) .12 D) .24 E) .426 A) .012 1987 Q1

> The sum is .426. E

> > 2/7

2000 Q2

- 2. Which of these numbers is less than its reciprocal?

 - **(A)** -2 **(B)** -1 **(C)** 0 **(D)** 1
- **(E)** 2
- 2. Answer (A): The number 0 has no reciprocal, and 1 and -1 are their own reciprocals. This leaves only 2 and -2. The reciprocal of 2 is $\frac{1}{2}$, but 2 is not less than $\frac{1}{2}$. The reciprocal of -2 is $-\frac{1}{2}$, and -2 is less than $-\frac{1}{2}$.

3/7

- 3. Which of the following numbers is the largest?
 - A) .99
- B) .9099
- C) .9
- D) .909
- E) .9009

1989 Q3

3. A We can compare the five numbers in the set by annexing zeroes so each one has four decimal places. The numbers, then, are .9900, .9099, .9000, .9090, .9009 so that .99 = .9900 is the largest.

4/7

1997 Q3

- 3. Which of the following numbers is the largest?
 - (A) 0.97 (B
 - **(B)** 0.979
- **(C)** 0.9709
- **(D)** 0.907
- **(E)** 0.9089
- 3. **(B)** Write each decimal to four places: 0.9700 and 0.9790 is seen to be the largest. 0.9790 0.9799 0.9070 0.9089

5/7

- 3. Which triplet of numbers has a sum NOT equal to 1?
 - (A) $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{6})$ (B) (2, -2, 1) (C) (0.1, 0.3, 0.6)
- **(D)** (1.1, -2.1, 1.0) **(E)** $(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{5}{2}, 5)$
- 3. **Answer (D):** 1.1 + (-2.1) + 1.0 = 0. The other triplets add to 1.

6/7

The product (1.8)(40.3 + .07) is closest to

1986 Q4

- A) 7
- 42
- C) 74
- D) 84
- 737

The desired product is about 2(40) - .2(40) =(C) 4.

$$80 - 8 = 72$$
, so (C) is correct.

7/7

1990 Q5

- 5. Which of the following is closest to the product (.48017)(.48017)(.48017)?
 - A) 0.011
- B) 0.110
- C) 1.10
- D) 11.0
- E) 110

5. B The desired product is about $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8} = 0.125$.

OR

The desired product is about (.5)(.5)(.5) = 0.125.